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Interactive Multimedia in Education and Training

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Table of Contents

Preface vi
Sanjaya Mishra, Indira Gandhi National Open University, India
Ramesh C. Sharma, Indira Gandhi National Open University, India

Part I: Planning and Design Considerations

Chapter I
Planning for Multimedia Learning 1
Patrick J. Fahy, Athabasca University, Canada

Chapter II
Toward Effective Use of Multimedia Technologies in Education 25
Geraldine Torrisi-Steele, Griffith University, Australia

Chapter III
Interactive Multimedia for Learning and Performance 47
Ashok Banerji, Monisha Electronic Education Trust, India
Glenda Rose Scales, Virginia Tech, USA

Chapter IV
Teaching, Learning and Multimedia 60
Loreen Marie Butcher-Powell, Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania, USA

Chapter V
**Reaching Students of Many Languages and Cultures:
 Strategies for Developing Computer-Based Learning Units 73**
Rika Yoshii, California State University, San Marcos, USA
Alfred Bork, University of California, USA
Alastair Milne, California State University, San Marcos, USA
Fusa Katada, Waseda University, Japan
Felicia Zhang, University of Canberra, Australia

Chapter VI	
Designing for Learning in Narrative Multimedia Environments	101
<i>Lisa Gjedde, Danish University of Education, Denmark</i>	

Part II: Pedagogical Issues

Chapter VII	
Principles of Educational Software Design	113
<i>Vassilios Dagdilelis, University of Macedonia, Greece</i>	

Chapter VIII	
Multiple Representations in Multimedia Materials: An Issue of Literacy	135
<i>Michael Sankey, University of Southern Queensland, Australia</i>	

Chapter IX	
Empirical Validation of a Multimedia Construct for Learning	158
<i>Paul Kawachi, Kurume Shin-Ai Women's College, Japan</i>	

Chapter X	
Multimedia, Cognitive Load and Pedagogy	184
<i>Peter E. Doolittle, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, USA</i>	
<i>Andrea L. McNeill, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, USA</i>	
<i>Krista P. Terry, Radford University, USA</i>	
<i>Stephanie B. Scheer, University of Virginia, USA</i>	

Chapter XI	
Cognitive Skill Capabilities in Web-Based Educational Systems	213
<i>Elspeth McKay, RMIT University, Australia</i>	

Chapter XII	
Usable and Interoperable E-Learning Resources Repositories	249
<i>S. Retalis, University of Piraeus, Greece</i>	

Part III: Applications and Case Studies

Chapter XIII	
Interactive Multimedia and AIDS Prevention: A Case Study	271
<i>José L. Rodríguez Illera, University of Barcelona, Spain</i>	

Chapter XIV	
Interactive Learning in Engineering Education	289
<i>Katia Tannous, State University of Campinas – Unicamp, Brazil</i>	

Chapter XV	
An Embedded Collaborative Systems Model for Implementing ICT-based Multimedia Cartography Teaching and Learning	306
<i>Shivanand Balram, Simon Fraser University, Canada</i>	
<i>Suzana Dragičević, Simon Fraser University, Canada</i>	

Chapter XVI	
Cave Automated Virtual Environment: A Supercomputer-based Multimedia System for Learning Science in a Science Center	327
<i>Leo Tan Wee Hin, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore</i>	
<i>R. Subramaniam, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore</i>	
<i>Sharlene Anthony, Singapore Science Centre, Singapore</i>	

Chapter XVII	
Multimedia Learning Designs: Using Authentic Learning Interactions in Medicine, Dentistry and Health Sciences	350
<i>Mike Keppell, Hong Kong Institute of Education, Hong Kong</i>	
<i>Jane Gunn, The University of Melbourne, Australia</i>	
<i>Kelsey Hegarty, The University of Melbourne, Australia</i>	
<i>Vivienne O'Connor, The University of Queensland, Australia</i>	
<i>Ngairé Kerse, University of Auckland, New Zealand</i>	
<i>Karen Kan, The University of Melbourne, Australia</i>	
<i>Louise Brearley Messer, The University of Melbourne, Australia</i>	
<i>Heather Bione, The University of Melbourne, Australia</i>	

Chapter XVIII	
Using an Interactive Feedback Tool to Enhance Pronunciation in Language Learning	377
<i>Felicia Zhang, University of Canberra, Australia</i>	

About the Authors	400
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Index	411
--------------------	------------

Preface

There have been many experiments and innovations in the field of education and training regarding knowledge delivery. From face-to-face to virtual education, different technologies have played great roles at different times. In the last two decades, due to the advent of computer technologies, information delivery has got new meaning. Development, access, and transfer of text, sound, and video data have given a unique face to classrooms, libraries, and training and resource centers, in the form of interactive multimedia programs.

Interactive multimedia as a subject/topic is still in its stage of infancy, which excites and attracts educational technologists. However, design and development of an interactive multimedia program is a complex task involving a team of experts, including content provider(s), multimedia developer(s), graphic designer(s), and, of course, the instructional designer(s), who most of the time plays the role of a project manager as well. This book is not about multimedia development, but the subject matter delves into the complex issue of planning, guiding, and designing multimedia from the instructional perspective. As such, we address pedagogical issues, applications, and effectiveness.

What is Interactive Multimedia?

Multimedia has been defined in a number of ways. It is not our intention here to go into the details of these definitions. But, in order to clarify the use of the term in the context of the book, we would prefer to quote a few of them:

Definition 1: "Multimedia is the combination of a variety of communication channels into a co-ordinated communicative experience for which an integrated cross-channel language of interpretation does not exist" (Elsom-Cook, 2001).

This definition gives way for two approaches—one that is termed the "multiple-media" utilization, and the other in which a combination of different channels acquires unification as a medium. The latter approach leads us to the next definition:

Definition 2: "... multimedia can be defined as an integration of multiple media elements (audio, video, graphics, text, animation, etc.) into one synergetic and symbiotic whole that results in more benefits for the end user than any one of the media elements can provide individually" (Reddi, 2003).

Definition 2 essentially tries to emphasize the second approach of Definition 1 with more clarity and spells out the components of multimedia. Taking a systems theory perspective, it also tells us that the overall effectiveness of multimedia is better than any one component of it. But, neither of the definitions explicitly includes the "interactive" power of multimedia, as in Definition 3:

Definition 3: "The term 'interactive multimedia' is a catch-all phrase to describe the new wave of computer software that primarily deals with the provision of information. The 'multimedia' component is characterized by the presence of text, pictures, sound, animation and video; some or all of which are organized into some coherent program. The 'interactive' component refers to the process of empowering the user to control the environment usually by a computer" (Phillips, 1997).

Though the authors of various chapters use different words and phrases throughout the book, the intentions are invariably in tune with Definition 3 referred to above.

Multimedia has been a favorite area for organizations as a means of training employees. McCrea and others (2000) and Urdan and Weggen (2000) found online training being given preference by organizations, considering that with this method, employees can be trained in less time, with less cost, and more effectively than with other methods. It has been found that integrating multimedia into course delivery certainly adds to the advantages (Najjar, 1996).

Authors of the various chapters in this book critically examine interactive multimedia as a tool for education and training in various settings. Much has already been said in the literature about how-to aspects of multimedia development (Boyle, 1997; Phillips, 1997; Villamil & Molina, 1998; Lachs, 2000; Elsom-Cook, 2001; Low et al, 2003; Reddi & Mishra, 2003). Here, the authors make

an attempt to build a theoretical understanding based on experience and research. The pictures projected in all these chapters are successful implementation stories of multimedia, and how it is useful as an educational tool. Nevertheless, there is a huge amount of literature on “no significant difference.” Kahn (n.d.), in a short review, questions the effectiveness of multimedia in online training but recommends that it has a place “where visual/ or auditory depiction could enhance the learning experience.” Contributors of different chapters share their innovative uses of the potentials of multimedia, and this is expected to further motivate and guide other teachers and readers to use multimedia in their teaching. The chapters in the book are organized in three parts—planning and design considerations, pedagogical issues, and application and case studies.

Planning and Design Considerations

Planning for multimedia is a much broader consideration than the design and development issues. It is important because the implementation of multimedia-enabled teaching and learning has to be integrated into an already existing system and practice. Moreover, issues such as media mix, choice, and teaching—learning functions should match the requirements of the subject. It is in this context that Patrick Fahy, in Chapter 1, discusses the characteristics of multimedia in relation to basic pedagogic tasks and organizational realities. He emphasizes that successful implementation of multimedia-enabled teaching and learning includes organizational change, changes in attitudes, and issues related to cost, acquisition of appropriate technologies, and human resources. In Chapter 2, Geraldine Torrisi-Steele provides conceptual guidelines and a planning framework for effective use of multimedia in education. Banerji and Scales in Chapter 3 review current developments in performance support systems and recommend use of interactive multimedia based on performance-centered design for teaching and learning. In Chapter 4, Loreen Butcher-Powell provides a theoretical framework for enhancing teaching through the use of Web-based multimedia. In Chapter 5, Yoshii and others discuss the Irvine-Geneva development strategy for computer-based learning materials that can be adaptable to many languages and cultures. Based on the experiences gained in the development of a group of software systems, the authors describe software characteristics and tools that can be successfully implemented in global education. In the last chapter of this part (i.e., in Chapter 6), Lisa Gjedde describes a narrative (storytelling) framework for designing multimedia learning environments.

Pedagogical Issues

Learning is primarily the process through which we become the human beings we are, and it takes place through a variety of media, strategies, and processes, of which interactive multimedia is just one. Using these media and technologies, we internalize information and knowledge available in the external world to construct our own experiences. Research into human learning is primarily categorized into three distinctive groups: behaviorism, cognitivism, and constructivism. There are others who also believe in experiential learning and andragogy. All of these have significance for the design and development of interactive multimedia. In this part dealing with theoretical issues, there are six chapters. In Chapter 7, Vassilios Dagdilelis discusses the principles of designing educational software and emphasizes that “construction of educational software should be based on some method; otherwise it is in danger of failing of costing too much or of being greatly delayed.” Michael Sankey, in Chapter 8, continues the discussion of multiple representations in multimedia materials raised in the previous chapter. Sankey reviews the issue of multimedia literacy of learners and investigates the learning styles, visual representations, and cognitive constraints experienced by the learners when information is presented in multiple ways. Based on these analyses, Sankey suggests a set of 12 design principles. In Chapter 9, Paul Kawachi discusses a four-stage model for learning critical thinking skills using multimedia. The four stages of Design for Multimedia Learning (DML) model are brainstorming cooperative group learning using synchronous media, lateral-thinking collaborative learning using asynchronous media, hypothesis testing in a collaborative synchronous manner, and experiential learning in cooperative synchronous media. Though this model is more about multiple-media use in teaching and learning, it has a new innovative framework to offer in the context of use of interactive multimedia on the Web. Peter Doolittle and others in Chapter 10 focus on multimedia and the effect of cognitive load on teaching, training, and learning. Based on a review of research, they present seven principles of multimedia design:

Individuals learn, retain, and transfer information better

1. when the instructional environment involves words and pictures rather than words or pictures alone (multimedia principle)
2. when the instructional environment involves auditory narration and animation rather than on-screen text and animation (modality principle)
3. when the instructional environment involves narration and animation rather than on-screen text, narration, and animation (redundancy principle)
4. when the instructional environment is free of extraneous words, pictures, and sounds (coherence principle)
5. when the instructional environment involves cues, or signals, that guide an

- individual's attention and processing during a multimedia presentation (signaling principle)
6. where words or narration and pictures or narration are presented simultaneously in time and space (contiguity principle)
 7. where individuals experience concurrent narration and animation in short, user-controlled segments, rather than as a longer continuous presentation (segmentation principle)

In Chapter 11, Elspeth McKay examines contextual issues involved in interactivity of multimedia instructional materials and the cognitive style construct as a meta-knowledge acquisition process. From a human-computer interaction (HCI) perspective, she describes a framework applicable in Web-based educational systems. In the next chapter (Chapter 12), Retalis looks into the issue of interoperability of multimedia learning objects. This chapter describes a brokerage system for the exchange of learning resources.

Applications and Case Studies

Interactive multimedia has applications in a variety of situations in education and training, in corporate presentation, in advertising, and in many other areas. In this part, there are six chapters presented as illustrative case studies of the application of multimedia. In Chapter 13, José Rodríguez Illera describes the use of interactive multimedia in AIDS prevention. The design of the multimedia package adopts some of the lessons outlined in Parts I and II of this book, especially the use of role play as narrative and the social construction of meaning that make it a successful program. Katia Tannous in Chapter 14 describes some examples of multimedia use in engineering education that extensively uses the power of simulation. In Chapter 15, Balram and Dragicevic report a new embedded collaborative system for structuring and managing multimedia in cartography teaching and learning. In Chapter 16, Leo Tan Wee Hin and others describe a multimedia system for learning science in an informal setting of a science center in Singapore. The authors present a case of high-quality visualizations, interactivity, immersive experiences, and stereoscopic imagery in the multimedia virtual environment that contributes toward experiential learning and has the significant influence of the constructivist approach. In Chapter 17, Mike Keppell and others describe the use of multimedia in dental and health science courses. Using a case-based learning design and learner-centered approach, the illustrative multimedia examples demonstrate the importance of instructional design. In the last chapter of the book (i.e., Chapter 18), Felicia

Zhang reports on the use of interactive feedback tools to enhance language learning, in this case, Chinese Mandarin.

Conclusions

In education and training settings, interactive multimedia packages have been found to be used as library-based multimedia resources for teachers and students; as supplementary curricular material for a specific course; as a tool for teaching and reinforcing analytic and reading skills and for building an entire course around the use and creation of multimedia materials (Bass, n.d.). In the modern society, where computer and Net technologies are becoming indispensable, the learning technologies are found to be deployed in all sectors: schools, colleges, universities, and industries. The emergence of the knowledge and educational content industry, the emergence of virtual campuses of learning, the availability of new learning and training tools, and the deployment of such tools to meet the diverse needs of learners have greatly influenced education and training systems. The needs for lifelong learning, just-in-time training, and retraining led to the development of widely accessible and reusable digital multimedia content and learning repositories. As the contributors of this book point out, the advantages are multifarious: increased interoperability, reusability, and individualization of digital learning materials. The learners are benefited in terms of increased quality, relevance, and contextualization of their learning.

The primary objective of *Interactive Multimedia in Education and Training* is to document and disseminate relevant theoretical frameworks and the latest empirical research findings and showcase illustrative examples of multimedia applications in various disciplines. The 18 chapters included in this book have attempted to achieve this objective and shall be useful to teachers, researchers, educational administrators, and policy makers as a one-step reference point on innovative use of multimedia, based on sound pedagogical principles. Nevertheless, there are still gray areas, such as the assessment of multimedia packages, their costs, and return on investment (ROI). In spite of this gap, it is expected that this book will encourage teachers/trainers and administrators to plan, design, develop, and implement interactive multimedia in educational settings: in basic, secondary, higher, and further education, and in business and industrial training.

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Paul Kawachi has been teaching at universities for more than 20 years and is currently at the Department of Informatics, Kurume Shin-Ai Women's College, Japan. He has recently been awarded Doctorate of Education by the University of Hawaii. An award-winning author, Dr. Kawachi is founder editor of the *Asian Journal of Distance Education*.

Mike Keppell joined the Hong Kong Institute of Education (HKIED) as principal lecturer and head of the Centre for Integrating Technology in Education (CITIE) in January 2003. He was the former head of Biomedical Multimedia Unit, Faculty of Medicine, Dentistry and Health Science, The University of Melbourne (Australia). The CITIE is a design, development, evaluation, and research-based center that has a focus on enriching teaching and learning through educational technology. He is also the Information Technology Academic Development Coordinator for the HKIED and coordinates the implementation of the e-learning platform—Blackboard. The research interests of Dr. Keppell cover four areas: student-centered learning (problem-based learning, case-based learning, project-based learning, and online communities); multimedia design (conceptualizing, concept mapping, design processes); processes

involved in optimizing the instructional designer–subject matter expert interaction; and knowledge management (project management, systems and processes). His current interests at the Institute focus on technology-enhanced authentic learning environments, online communities, problem-based learning, and learner-centered assessment.

Ngair Kerse is a general practitioner at the University of Auckland, New Zealand. Her Ph.D. from the University of Melbourne was an evaluation of a comprehensive education program for doctors, and her continuing research interests aim to improve education for doctors, improve primary care of older people, and inform innovation in primary health care.

Elsbeth McKay is a senior postdoctoral research fellow on Human-Computer Interaction (HCI), at the School of Business Information Technology, RMIT University, Australia. Elspeth has extensive industry-sector experience in computer systems. Her Ph.D. (Computer Science and Information Systems) thesis breaks new ground for effective learning from multimedia with innovative approaches to visual instruction. She also has a Bachelor of Business, with distinction (Business Information Systems), a Graduate Certificate of Applied Science (Instructional Design), and a Graduate Diploma of Education (Computer Studies). Her doctoral research identified that not all individuals cope effectively with graphical learning. Elspeth's research findings clearly identify the complexity of the visual learning environment, and outline prospects for customizing e-learning shells, based on ontological requirements. The prospect of customizing e-learning shells tailored dynamically to the requirements of individual learners has stimulated contemporary research into knowledge mediation, and the associated ontological strategies, of actual learning contexts with Web-enabled asynchronous learning frameworks, design and development of enhanced accessibility through touch screen technologies. Elspeth's continuing commitment to mentoring scholastic achievement is also evident in the number of her international invited Editorships.

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Alastair Milne has a B.Sc. in Computer Science from the University of California, Irvine (USA). He is an adjunct faculty member at California State University, San Marcos. Mr. Milne worked for more than 10 years with the UC Irvine project at the Educational Technology Center, and later with the CUI Geneva group, working on such areas as middleware support for programmers (especially in computer graphics); implementation of scripts; consultation with design teams on scripting procedures and strategy; and later with the incorporation of multimedia into Irvine's middleware support. He has authored and coauthored a number of documents on the system, some for programmers and some for pedagogical audiences. He has led the porting of the entire middleware system into a new operating system and the programming of prototype material using live video on digital videodisc. His current work includes consulting with Rika Yoshii at CSUSM on evolution of the whole strategy to improve scripting automation and to provide development for, and delivery by, the Web.

Vivienne O'Connor is an obstetrician and gynecologist at The University of Queensland, Australia.

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José L. Rodríguez Illera is the director of the Research Center on Virtual Learning of the University of Barcelona (Spain), where he also teaches courses on Educational Multimedia at the Faculty of Pedagogy. His recent publications include books on *Multimedia Technology for Teaching and Learning in Higher Education* (2003), *Virtual Learning* (2003, in press), as well as articles on "Electronic Reading," "Collaborative environments and task design in the University," and "Multimedia Learning." His work is also focused on research and development. During the last 15 years, he and his group have developed both educational multimedia applications and open tools addressed to teachers, many of them related to language learning. Current interest is on the study of comprehension strategies of digital multimodal texts.

Michael Sankey currently works at the University of Southern Queensland (USQ) in Australia as an instructional designer at the Distance and eLearning Centre and a teacher of Web Design in the Faculty of Education. Michael's current doctoral research is in the areas of the multiple representations of concepts when utilizing multimedia technologies and how the use of these electronic environments can enhance the learning opportunities for students, particularly for those students studying at a distance. With a background in art and design, Michael is passionate about the way in which aesthetically enhanced learning environments can better transmit information and concepts to be communicated to students of all backgrounds. He believes that the use of the Internet and online education hold wonderful possibilities for the future of education, particularly higher education.

Glenda Rose Scales is the assistant dean for Distance Learning and Computing in the College of Engineering at Virginia Tech (USA), where she provides leadership for implementing a world-class distance-learning program. She earned her bachelor's degree in Computer Science from Old Dominion University, her master's degree in Applied Behavioral Science from Johns Hopkins University, and her doctorate in curriculum and instruction from Virginia Tech. Dr. Scales began her career working for the Department of Defense in Fort Meade, Maryland, as a computer analyst. After completing her terminal degree, she accepted a major leadership position at North Carolina A&T State University, where she, along with the distance-learning team, launched the University's virtual campus. She has presented her research in Electronic Performance Support at national conferences and, most recently, a market research study on graduate distance-learning programs for working engineers at the American Society for Engineering Education national conference.

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Felicia Zhang has a B.A. (University of Queensland, Australia), Graduate Diploma in Education (University of Melbourne, Australia); Certificate in Teaching English as a Foreign Language (TEFLA) granted by the Royal Society of Arts, United Kingdom; and Master of Arts in Applied Linguistics (Honors) (University of Melbourne, Australia). Ms. Zhang has had more than 10 years of teaching and research experience in the area of language teaching and learning. Since 1994, she has been researching ways of incorporating computer technology into the classroom and teaching curriculum. Ms. Zhang is currently a Lecturer in Chinese and Applied Linguistics at the University of Canberra, Australia. She is currently doing her Ph.D. in the area of pronunciation teaching in Mandarin using a methodology that combines the use of audiovisual materials with a number of computer-enhanced learning software. One of her major concerns in utilizing technology in teaching is the need to cater to a wide range of student needs, i.e., from students with advanced computer skills to students who do not have access at all to technology.